

# ANDERSON HEIGHTS CHARACTER PRESERVATION

RALEIGH CITY PLANNING April 9, 2018

#### AGENDA

#### BACKGROUND

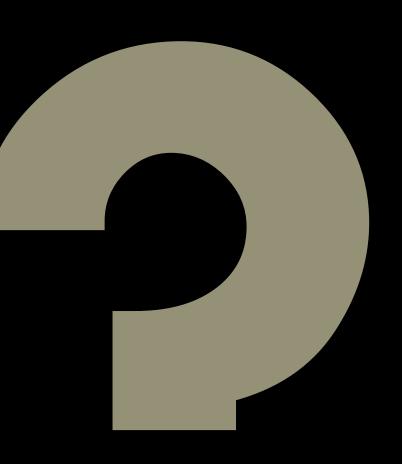
- WHY WE ARE HERE
- HISTORIC OVERLAY DISTRICTS EXPLAINED
- HOW THE HOD WOULD AFFECT YOU

#### **NEXT STEPS**

- CREATING A NEW HOD
- ARCHTECTURAL SURVEY& REPORT
- CITIZEN INPUT OPPORTUNITIES

## KEYQUESTION

Should we prepare a designation report?





#### **BACKGROUND**

LATE 2015: Anderson Heights Study Group is formed to investigate listing in the National Register of Historic Places

JANUARY 2016: Anderson Heights Study
Group hires architectural historian Ruth Little
who determines that the neighborhood may
be eligible for the National Register. A
Study List application is prepared and
submitted. The State Historic Preservation
Office determines that the district is not
eligible for listing in the National Register

MAY 2016: Based on Ruth Little's report and guidance from preservation staff, the Anderson Heights Study Group polls the neighborhood as the first step in pursuing Historic Overlay District designation. OCTOBER 2016: The Anderson Heights Study Group votes and formally requests funding to prepare an architectural report and investigation of the Anderson Heights neighborhood.

**2017**: The Anderson Heights Study Group meets with staff multiple times regarding next steps.

APRIL 2018: This meeting.



#### WHY ANDERSON HEIGHTS?

#### **Currently Known**

Has historical and architectural significance as a middleand upper-middle-class neighborhood developed in the late 1920s and 1930s

Single family houses on large lots built in the Period Cottage, Colonial Revival, and Tudor Revival styles in the 1920s and 1930s, and in the Minimal Traditional style in the 1940s.

Original landscape design of winding streets, medium to large front yards, grassed lawns, shrubbery, and large deciduous trees and evergreens is intact





# WHY ANDERSON HEIGHTS?

#### 2000-2017

- 12 demo permits issued
- 138 properties

#### **ESTIMATES**

- 95 potentially contributing
- 3 vacant parcels
- 16 built after 1954

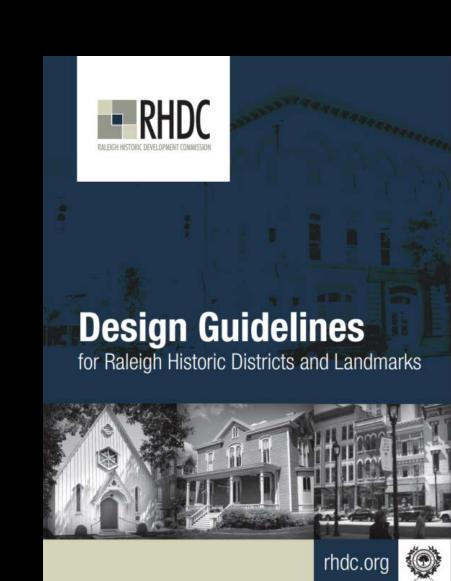
90/<sub>0</sub> DEMOED

69% LIKELY HISTORIC

86% PRE-1955

### WHAT IS AN HOD?

- Zoning overlay (Historic Overlay District)
- Intended to preserve and protect the built character of an area with special significance in history, prehistory, archaeology, architecture, culture
- Design review process using general development standards



#### TWO TYPES OF HOD

### All exterior changes require a COA

- Oakwood
- Blount Street
- Capitol Square
- Boylan Heights
- Moore Square
- Prince Hall
- Oberlin Village

Exterior changes proposed that are visible from the street (as defined in UDO) required COA

Glenwood-Brooklyn

## GENERAL HISTORIC OVERLAY DISTRICT

STREETSIDE
HISTORIC OVERLAY
DISTRICT

## STREETSIDE HOD

- ■What is it?
- What does it mean to me?



# HOW DOES A HOD-S PROTECT?

- Context-Based Design Review
- Demolition Delay
- Discourages "Demolition by Neglect"



### WHAT DOES IT NOT DO?

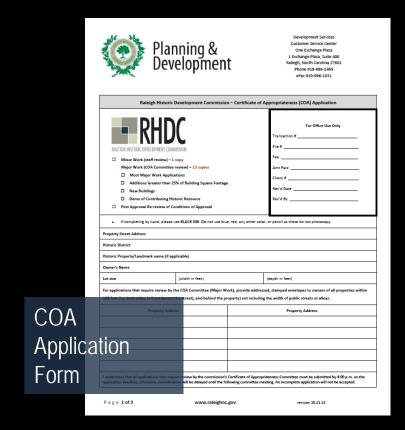
- Change the underlying zoning or use of a property
- Deny demolition
- Eliminate need to comply with other codes, or obtaining other permits
- Require "changing it back"



#### WHAT DOES IT MEAN TO ME?

 Offers predictability and security about potential change in the neighborhood

 Certificate of Appropriateness (COA) needed for exterior changes



# CERTIFICATES OF APPROPRIATENESS

## TWO LEVELS OF REVIEW

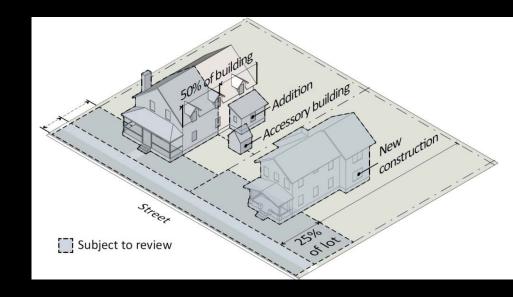
- Major Work (evidentiary hearing)
- Minor Work (administrative approval)



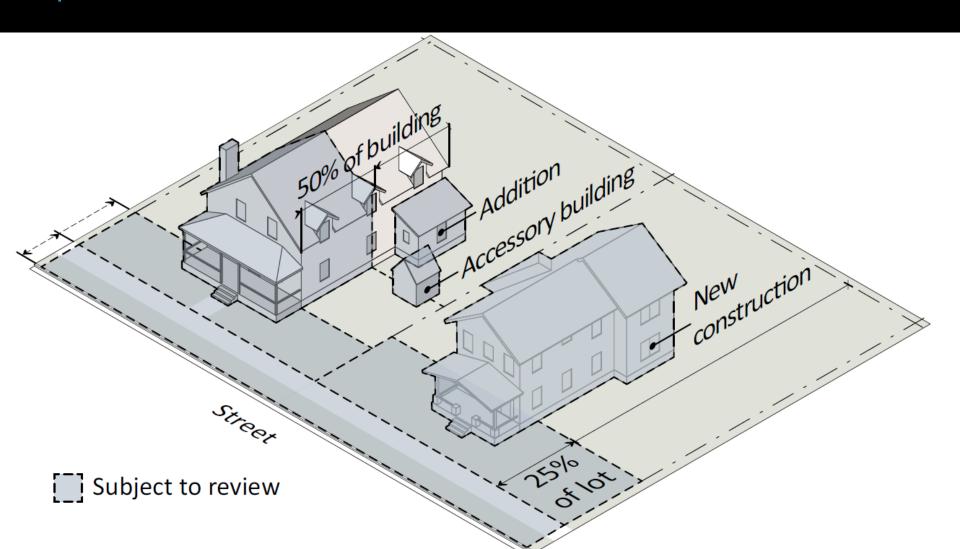
### STREETSIDE HOD

## HOW IS IT DIFFERENT THAN A GENERAL HOD?

- Focus is on preserving the character of the area as viewed from the street rightof-way
- Less of a property is subject to regulation
- Color not regulated



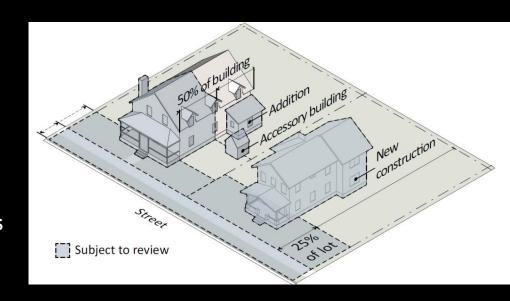
### STREETSIDE HOD LESS THAN 1/2 OF HOD-G REVIEW



### STREETSIDE HOD

## AREAS SUBJECT TO COA REVIEW

- Public street rights-of-way (but not alleys)
- Front 25% of yards
- Front 50% of main buildings
- Side additions
- Side yard accessory buildings
- New main buildings



# STREETSIDE HOD WHAT NEEDS A COA?

- Building form
- Architectural features
- Materials
- Demolition
- Fences
- Sidewalks
- ■Tree removal

EXTERIOR
CHANGES TO THE
BUILDING

EXTERIOR
CHANGES TO THE
SITE

# STREETSIDE HOD WHAT DOES NOT NEED A COA?

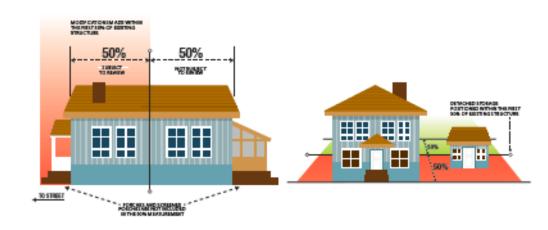
- Repairs with no change in appearance
- Change in color
- Replanting existing beds
- Rear yard garages
- Most decks

### ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

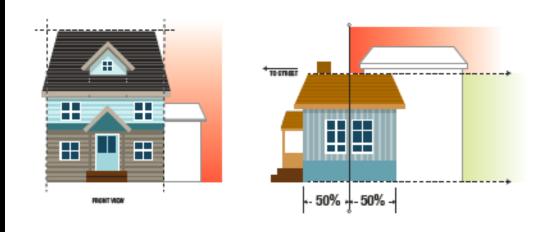
NOT VISIBLE FROM THE STREET

### STREETSIDE HOD

### **COA** Required

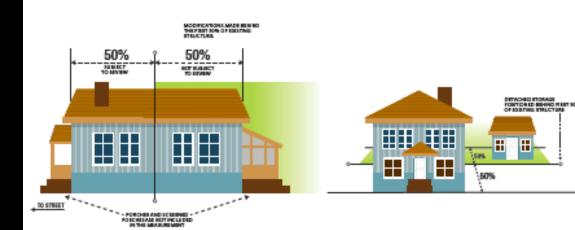


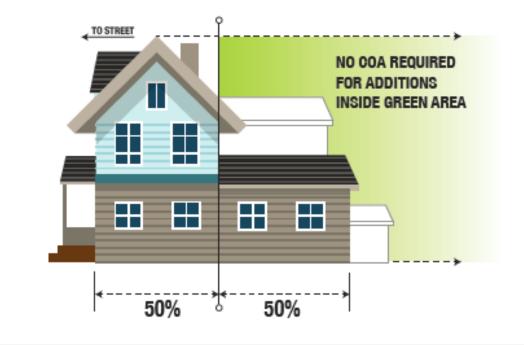
COA IS REQUIRED FOR ANY ADDITION THAT WILL RESULT IN A TALLER OR WIDER STRUCTURE THAN EXISTING.



### STREETSIDE HOD

### **COA Not Required**





#### Sections on Site, Building, New Construction, Demolition

## CERTIFICATES OF APPROPRIATENESS

## HOW ARE COAS APPROVED?

- Reviewed based on the Design Guidelines
- Use Special Character essays and designation reports for character guidance
- Work must be "not incongruous"



#### **Design Guidelines**

for Raleigh Historic Districts and Landmarks

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#### COA STATISTICS

#### 2008-2018

- 1,890 COA applications processed
- 66% approved by staff
- 34% reviewed by RHDC
  - 1% approved in part & denied in part
  - 1% withdrawn or other

56% STAFF APPROVED

RHDC APPROVED

0/0 DENIED

# CERTIFICATES OF APPROPRIATENESS

#### WHAT HELP IS THERE?

- Staff assistance with applications
- Design Review Advisory Committee (DRAC)
- Design Guidelines
- City of Raleigh website
- RHDC website



### **CREATING AN HOD**

Required investigation and report describing the significance

Report review by RHDC & SHPO

Rezoning petition



# Historic Overlay Districts (HOD) Checklist

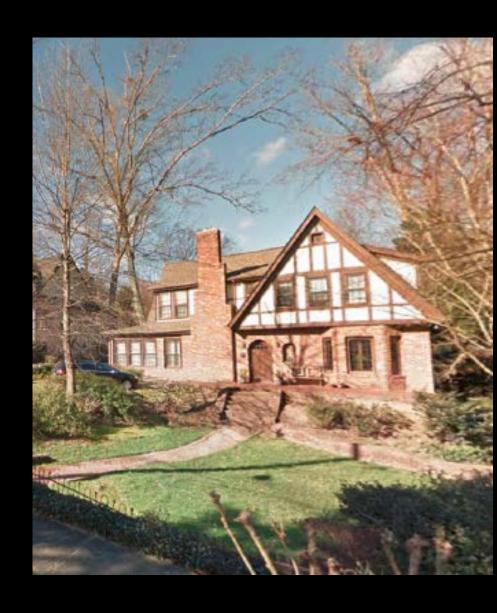
# HISTORIC DISTRICT REQUIREMENTS

## SPECIAL SIGNIFICANCE

- History
- Architecture
- Culture

#### **INTEGRITY**

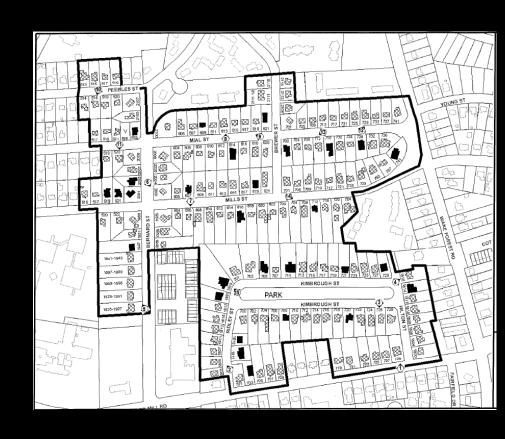
- Design
- Setting
- Materials
- feeling and association



# HISTORIC DISTRICT REQUIREMENTS

## INVESTIGATION AND REPORT

- Neighborhood or City Council initiated
- Prepared by an architectural historian
- Results presented to Raleigh Historic Development Commission



### HISTORIC DISTRICT REQUIREMENTS

#### INVESTIGATION AND **REPORT**

- Written description of all buildings
- Photographs of each building
- Architectural description of the neighborhood
- History of the development of the neighborhood
- **Boundary analysis**

street, or "shotgun" houses.

Although the South Person/South Blount district's houses were generally small, they often possessed stylish exteriors, as demonstrated by surviving examples. The late nineteenth century, well-preserved shotgun house at 514 S. Bloodworth boasts Victorian ornamentation such as delicate sawn porch railings and post brackets and a quatrefoil gable vent.





Also found in the project area are "Triple-A" houses, which feature decorative center gables on their side-gable roofs. The four houses on the east side of the 600 block of South Blount Street feature diamond-shaped and quatrefoil vents. A few two-story Victorian-style houses survive, such as 215 E. Cabarrus.





213, 215, and 219 E. Cabarrus Street

Stronach, "Geranium Valley Stronachs, 29, 34-37; Branson's North Carolina Agricultural Almanack... 1891, 184; Directory of the City of Raleigh, 108; Johnson and Murray, Wake, 132-133; Sanborn maps.

# HISTORIC DISTRICT REQUIREMENTS

#### RHDC VOTE & REFERRAL

- Referred to City Council
- Neighborhood group requests City Council initiate rezoning
- City Council refers to State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO)
- Possible 180-day demolition delay
- Rezoning petition



To learn about a recent HOD designation visit www.RaleighNC.gov and search for Oberlin Village.

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